CHOCOLATE EXTRAVAGANZA

Connie Nieman, Baking Science and FCS Teacher, Chillicothe, MO



Ingredients

Bittersweet and semisweet chocolate – no regulation to distinguish (look at packaging to determine % of chocolate), both must contain at least 35% pure chocolate with sugar (amounts vary) and vanilla

Milk chocolate – at least 10-15% cacao, condensed milk, sugar, vanilla, and soy lecithin

<u>White chocolate</u> – no chocolate solids; cocoa butter with dry milk powder, vanilla, soy lecithin

<u>Coating chocolate</u> – not real chocolate, cocoa butter has been replaced by other fats, doesn't require tempering to hold its formed shape

Melted chocolate – do not use chocolate chips (cocoa butter is often times replaced with hydrogenated oil)! Use freshly chopped baking chocolate to ensure it melts smoothly

COUVETURE CHOCOLATE

This is a high quality chocolate that has a higher percentage of cocoa butter which means it has a high price and is used in production of fine pastries and confections.







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DUTCH COCO TRADEMARK

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Dutch Process

- Use of alkaline chemicals that neutralize some of the acids in the cocoa.

- Can be done to the cocoa powder or beans.

Dutch products have: -A better and fuller flavor -A deeper and darker color

-ls preferred by many professional bakers.

Coating Chocolate



- Some or all of the cocoa butter is removed from the eating chocolate and is replaced with vegetable fat of some kind.

-This = Less fluidity

-Less quality ingredients equals less money There are good and bad quality coating chocolate.

- Used for production of coating items Strawberries and cookies.

ENEMIES OF CHOCOLATE



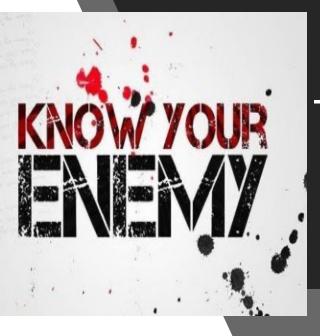
Melted chocolate that comes in contact with <u>moisture</u> will become sluggish
Can still be used for fillings or brownies.

-Moisture on set chocolate Will form droplets of simple syrup

Once dried will have a white coating called *sugar bloom*

Will have a gritty feeling and does not remelt

ENEMIES OF CHOCOLATE



 Excessive heat in melted chocolate
If overheated chocolate will become pasty, grainy and will loose flavor

Excessive heat on set chocolate
Usually due to improper storage
practices

Will cause cocoa butter to melt and rise to the surface of the chocolate

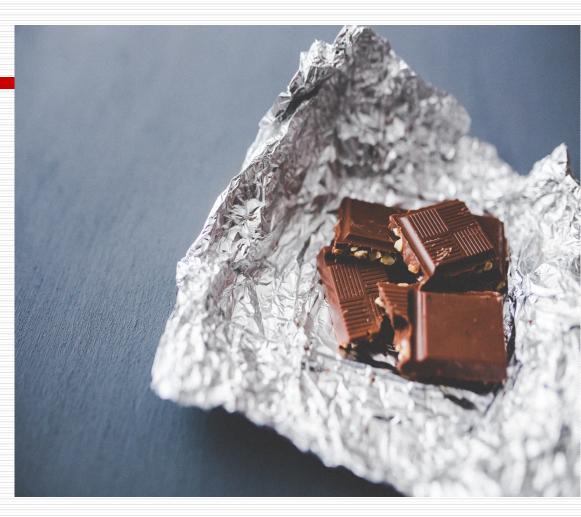
This is called *fat bloom*

Impacts on chocolate's texture

-Cold -Overheating -Air -Moisture -Overuse

Proper Storage of Chocolate

- Wrap well
- Protected from light
- Protected from strong odors
- Kept cool (60-65 degrees is ideal)
- Moderate Humidity of 50%
- Can freeze, but not recommended
- Do not store in the refrigerator



Aggie Chocolate Factory Tour – Bean to Bar See how chocolate is made.

Bean to Bar Chocolate Factory, Utah State University

https://youtu.be/jzPvbFUs4TY



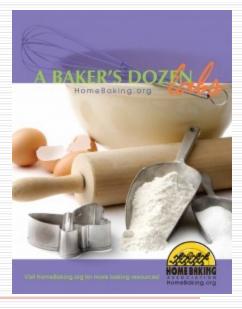
Chocolate Tasting

Lab 10 – A Baker' Dozen Tasting Chart - Appendix Page 47

Steps for Tasting Chocolate - Appendix Page 66

Video: Baking Cocoa and Leavening (HomeBaking.org) https://youtu.be/5CdKpoEHo7o

King Arthur Baking, The A-B-C's of Cocoa https://www.kingarthurbaking.com/blog/2014/01/10/the-a-b-cs-ofcocoa



Cookie Cocoa Variation Reflection



Сосоа	color	texture	flavor	volume	
All Purpose Cocoa					
Dutch Process Cocoa					
Black Cocoa			This Photo by Unknowr	Author is licensed unde	er <u>CC BY-SA</u>

1. What conclusion can be made about the effects of various cocoa on the color of the cookies?

2.What conclusion can be made about the effects of various cocoa on the flavor of the cookies?

3.What conclusion can be made about the effects of various cocoa on the volume of the cookies?

4. What conclusion can be made about the effects of various cocoa on the texture of the cookies?

5.Describe the flavor of your favorite chocolate cookie variation.

Write a 2 sentence conclusion about cocoa and baked products.